

**YOUR EYES ARE PRECIOUS**  
**Please read about your new contact lenses'**  
**Instruction for use**  
**IMPORTANT**

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#### DESCRIPTION

Eye coffret 1day UV shows spherical lens design and available as a spherical lens for single vision.

This lens material is a copolymer of 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate cross-linked with ethylene glycol dimethacrylate. An UV absorbing compound is incorporated into the lens polymer. Furthermore, the lens contains a pigmented area that will mask or enhance the color of the natural iris, and colored with one or more of the following color additives: azo pigment, isoindoline pigment, dioxazine pigment, carbon pigment and metal oxide pigment.

#### INTENDED USE

Enhance the color and/or the size and/or the definition of the natural iris and/or for the correction of vision.

#### INDICATIONS

Eye coffret 1day UV is intended for daily wear to enhance the color and/or the size and/or the definition of the natural iris and/or for the correction of refractive ametropia (myopia and hyperopia) in not aphakic persons with non-diseased eyes. It also helps protect against transmission of harmful UV radiation to the cornea and into the eye.

#### INSTRUCTIONS OF USE

Eye coffret 1day UV is daily wear soft contact lenses. Daily lenses are that once a lens has been removed from the eye, it must be thrown away.

##### • Instructions on handling lenses

1. Keep your fingernails short and smooth to avoid scratching your eye or your lenses.
2. Always wash your hands with soap and rinse carefully before handling your lenses. Lenses may become contaminated if you do not wash your hands properly.
3. Always handle your lenses somewhere that is well-lit, clean and sterile.
4. Your contact lenses may become damaged depending on how you handle them.

##### • Checking the lenses and blister pack packaging

1. Check which lenses are for the right eye and which lenses are for the left eye.
2. Check if there is anything wrong with the lenses and blister pack packaging before opening. If there is anything wrong, for example, if there is any damage or leakage, do not open and contact the point of purchase.

##### • Removing the lenses from the blister pack packaging

1. Break off the blister pack packaging by folding down the sides.
2. Remove the label, keeping a firm hold on the blister pack and the label. When doing this, be careful not to cut your hand on the blister pack or label. Also note that the lens storage solution inside the blister pack may splash upon removal of the label.
3. Remove the lens from the blister pack packaging by sticking the lens to the pad of your index finger. Alternatively, turn the blister pack packaging upside down and empty the lens together with the storage solution into the palm of your hand. Take care, because if you dig your nail into the lens or scrape the lens on the rim of the blister pack packaging on removal, the lens may be damaged.

##### • Checking the lenses

1. Hold the edges of the lens from the side and gently move up and down to remove the liquid.
2. Put the concave surface on the index finger of your dominant hand and check which is the right side and which is the wrong side of the lens. A lens has a right side and a wrong side.  
Ensure that the lens is not inside out. Place the lens on your right index finger and verify the shape. (fig. 1 and 2)

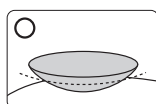


fig. 1

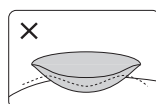


fig. 2

3. Check if there is anything wrong with the lens, for example, deformation, discolouration, foreign matter, damage, scratches and dirt, and do not wear the lens if there is anything wrong with it.

##### • Inserting lenses

1. Put the lens onto your finger, and, with the middle finger of the same hand, pull down your lower eyelid. With the index finger of your other hand, pull up your top eyelid. If you put your finger on your eyelash line, you can open your eyes wide.
2. Look in the mirror so that your cornea comes into the center of your eye. Slowly bring the lens close to your eye and put it gently in place, still looking in the mirror. If you glance upwards when doing this, the lens will not be properly centered on your cornea.
3. When you have placed the lens properly on the cornea, slowly remove your index finger and then remove your fingers which had been holding your eyelids, starting with the bottom lid first and then the top lid. If you remove your fingers quickly and blink your eye shut, the lens may change position or fall out.
4. Check in the mirror that the lens is on top of your cornea and, covering the opposite eye with your hand, check your sight in your right and left eyes.
5. Follow the same procedure to fit the lens in your other eye.

##### • Removing the lenses

1. Check the position of the lens in the mirror.
2. Looking straight in the mirror, hold the mirror upward and look at the eye reflected in the mirror.
3. With your middle finger, slowly pull your lower lid down, and with the index finger of the same hand, move the lens down from the cornea.
4. In this position, use the pads of your thumb and index finger to gently take hold of the bottom of the lens.

To avoid scratching your eye, take care not to touch your eye directly with the tips of your fingers or your fingernails.

If you are unable to remove the lens, blink several times and then try again.

#### CONTRAINDICATIONS

##### 1. Medical conditions

Acute and sub-acute inflammation of the anterior eye, Eye infection, Uveitis, Reduced corneal sensitivity, Dry eye or lacrimal apparatus disease to an extent that poses a problem for wearing lenses, Eyelid disorder, Allergy to an extent that affects the wearing of lenses, Other diseases which would hinder use of contact lenses.

##### 2. Environmental conditions

Anyone living or working in dry environments.

Anyone living or working in an environment where dust or chemicals are likely to enter the eye.

##### 3. Personal qualities

Anyone who cannot follow the recommendations of their eye care practitioner, anyone who cannot use contact lenses properly, anyone who fails to attend regular check-ups, anyone who cannot follow the hygiene routine required to wear contact lenses, anyone who has an extremely nervous disposition.

##### 4. Prohibition of reuse

A lens cannot be reused once it has been removed from the eye.

## WARNINGS

- Even when used properly, they may cause eye disorders such as the following, and if left untreated, these eye disorders may become serious or may result in loss of sight. To wear your contact lenses safely, be sure to read this Instruction for Use carefully and to follow the instructions of your eye care practitioner and the proper methods for handling contact lenses.

### Example for eye disorders

- Corneal edema
  - Corneal ulcer
  - Corneal infiltration
  - Corneal epithelial erosion
  - Keratitis (including infectious keratitis)
  - Conjunctivitis (including giant papillary conjunctivitis)
  - Possibility of speeding up reduction in corneal endothelial cells
  - Possibility of changing the shape of the cornea
- Lenses may be damaged or become damaged. If you have inadvertently worn a lens which is damaged or otherwise faulty, or if a lens becomes damaged while you are wearing it, remove the lens immediately and consult your eye care practitioner immediately, regardless of whether you have any subjective symptoms.

## PRECAUTIONS

- Be sure to read this Instruction for Use carefully before using your contact lenses, and if you are in any doubt about the terms or information contained herein, please consult your eye care practitioner for clarification before using the lenses.
  - Retain this Instruction for Use for future reference.
1. Do not wear contact lenses that are damaged.
  2. Do not use contact lenses past their trial period.
    - Daily lenses are daily wear soft contact lenses which must be replaced daily, and do not reuse lenses which have been removed once.
  3. Do not wear contact lenses for longer than the recommended wearing period.
  4. Use contact lenses properly in accordance with recommended methods for handling contact lenses.
  5. Always attend regular contact lens check-ups.
  6. If you experience any problem at all, consult your eye care practitioner immediately.
  7. Always insert lenses promptly after opening, as lenses may become contaminated.
  8. Avoid rubbing your eyes while wearing lenses, as this may result in scratches to your eyes or displacement of the lenses.
  9. Do not mix up right and left lenses, as doing so may result in impairment of vision and discomfort.
  10. Make sure you have appropriate glasses to use in case you are unable to wear your contact lenses due to the condition of your eyes or for other reasons, or after you have worn your lenses for the wearing period recommended by your eye care practitioner. Continuing to wear your contact lenses regardless may cause eye disorders or other problems.
  11. Do not wear contact lenses for driving or operating machinery until you are used to them.
  12. If a lens becomes decentered or falls out while you are driving or operating machinery, stop driving or operating the machinery promptly after making sure that it is safe to do so.
  13. Follow the instructions of your eye care practitioner if using eye drops while wearing contact lenses.
  14. Do not allow cosmetics, pharmaceuticals or other substances to come into contact with your lenses. If cosmetics (eyeliner, cleansing products, etc.) become attached to your lenses through your tears, this may result in discolouration or deterioration in the quality of the lenses, making them unusable.
  15. When your eyes are exposed to strong wind (when riding a motorbike or bicycle, skiing, in strong wind, etc.), always use some kind of protection against the wind such as sunglasses or goggles. Failure to do so may result in uncomfortably dry lenses or the loss of a lens.

16. Always remove your lenses for swimming, as failure to do so may result in problems such as an eye disorder or the loss of a lens.
17. Always remember to take spare lenses and glasses with you when you go on a trip, etc. in case you lose or damage your lenses.
18. If solvents such as household detergents get in your eyes, remove your lenses immediately, and consult your eye care practitioner. In such cases, it is advisable to not rely on your own judgment in deciding to use eye drops, etc.
19. Never wear someone else's lenses or give your lenses to someone else, as this may result in problems such as use of the wrong lenses or eye disorders.
20. Do not wear on top of other lenses, as doing so may result in problems such as eye disorders.
21. Do not wear the lens when you get MRI examination because a metal pigment is used in circular tinted area.
22. In some cases, you may feel uncomfortable in visual performance, or change of visual performance with the change of brightness. As you become accustomed with this lens, these uncomfortable feeling can be reduced. However, if the symptoms become more serious or prolonged, please consult with ophthalmologists.
23. The visual performance may be unclear at dark locations or at night. And, even if you become accustomed with this lens, the visual performance can be changed with the brightness. Especially, please take special care in driving or operation of machines at night or at locations where the brightness can be changed.
24. Users who find it difficult to insert or remove contact lenses themselves such as children or elderly people should consult their eye care practitioner for appropriate guidance.
25. Pregnant women may experience some difficulty wearing contact lenses that were once comfortable or experience a temporary deterioration in their vision, and they should seek appropriate guidance where necessary.
26. People who suffer with allergies may be more prone to diseases of the eyes and skin than other users. And, if you have metal allergy they should seek appropriate guidance where necessary because a metal pigment is used in circular tinted area.
27. Use of contact lenses may be affected by illness, pregnancy, childbirth, use of medications, physical condition, eye conditions, and living environment. The conditions in which you wear contact lenses may also change after you have started wearing contact lenses. Always seek appropriate guidance where necessary.

## POTENTIAL ADVERSE EFFECTS

— Until you are used to your lenses—

Until you are used to your lenses, you may experience symptoms such as the following. Symptoms vary from person to person but will gradually diminish as you become used to your lenses. However, if you experience acute symptoms or if symptoms persist, stop wearing your lenses and promptly consult your eye care practitioner.

- Slight discomfort
- Slightly bloodshot eyes
- Unstable vision
- Watery eyes
- Itchy eyes



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